

SimBios: NIH Center for Biomedical Computation Physics-based Simulation of Biological Structures

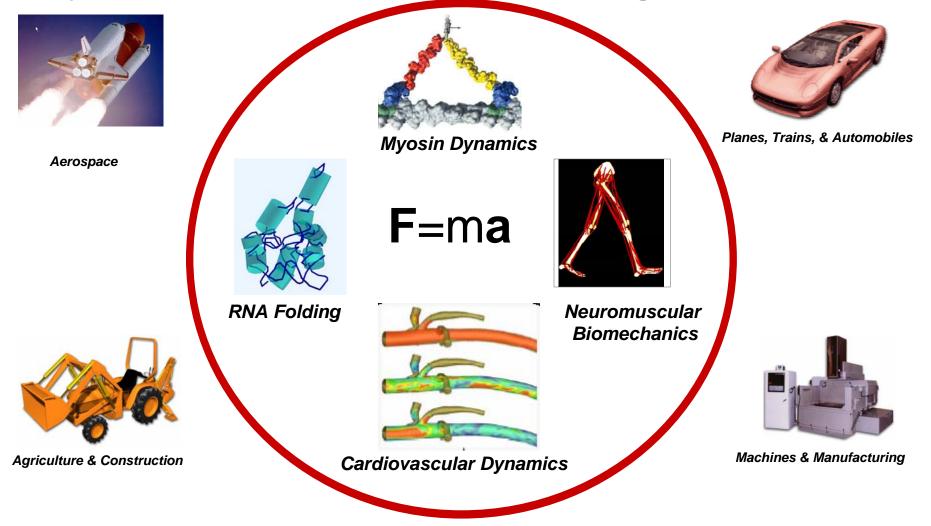


Dr. Alain Laederach Dr. Jonathan Dugan Dr. Jung-Chi Liao Dr. Paul Mitiguy

What is Simbios?



Physics-based Simulation of Biological Structures



Who is Simbios?



•Visionaries





Russ Altman: Principal Investigator Professor of Genetics, Bioengineering, Medicine & Computer Science



Scott Delp: Principal Investigator Chair: Department of Bioengineering, Mechanical Engineering, Orthopaedic Surgery



Charles Taylor: Cardiovascular Dynamics Mechanics & Computation, Bioengineering, Surgery, Pediatrics, Radiology

•Staff (medical, computer, physics, ...)



Jeanette Schmidt: Executive Director Mathematics, Computer Science, Biological Algorithms, Bioinformatics, Genomics



Christopher Bruns: Computational Biology, Biochemisty, Molecular Biology, Computer Science



Michael Sherman: Chief Architect, Molecular Dynamics, Computer Science, Biosimulation, Multibody Mechanics





Bill Katz: Senior Scientist, M.D. Ph.D. Computer-aided Treatment Planning, Medical Imaging Analysis, Science Writer

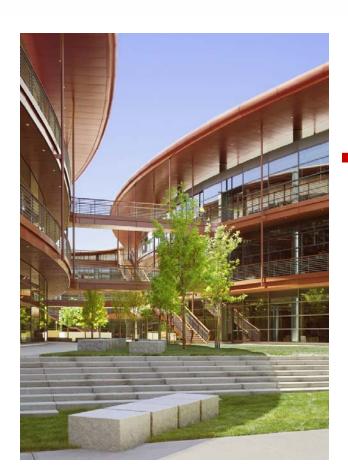
Where is Simbios?



Medical Research Stanford Hospital Packard Hospital



Stanford University



Clark Center Copyright 2006 by BioX at Stanford

Engineering Physics & Chemistry Computer Science



Silicon Valley

- Simbios Overview
 - Scientific Applications & Collaboration
 - SimTK Simulation Toolkit
 - Biosimulation Superforge: simtk.org
 - Dissemination & Training













Scientific Applications

RNA Folding

(PI: Dan Herschlag Presenter: Alain Laederach)

Myosin Dynamics

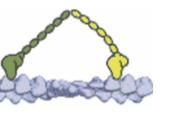
(PI: James Spudich Presenter: Jung-Chi Liao)

- Neuromuscular Biomechanics
 (PI: Scott Delp Presenter: Paul Mitiguy)
- Cardiovascular Dynamics (PI: Charles Taylor Presenter: Paul Mitiguy)





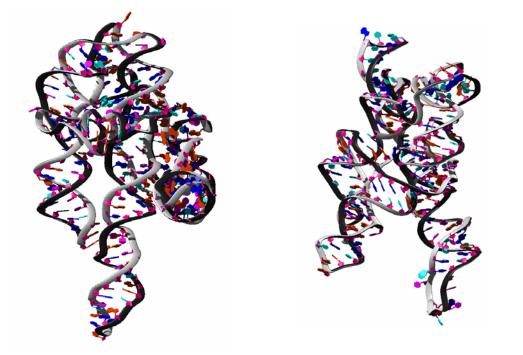




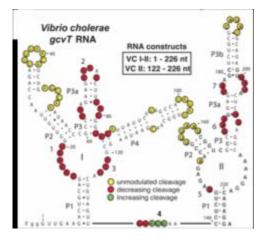
RNA Folding: Objectives



Understand structure & function of RNA



Tetrahymena group I ribozyme, Golden et al. 2004, *Science* 282, 1998 *Azoarcus* group I ribozyme, Adams et al. 2004, *Nature* 430, 2004



A Glycine-Dependent Riboswitch That Uses Cooperative Binding to Control Gene Expression

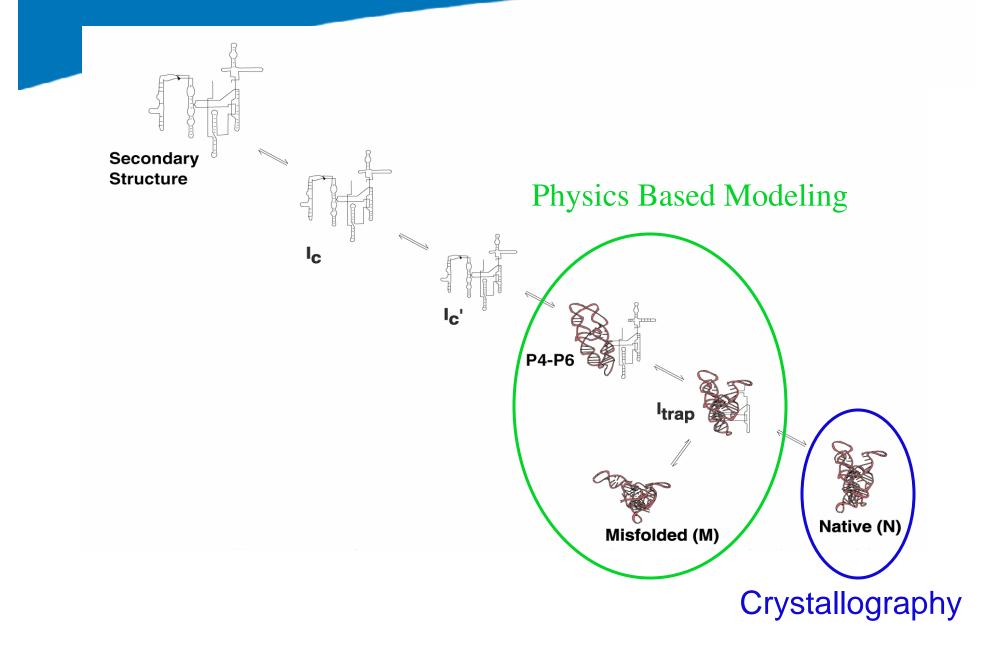
Maumita Mandal,¹ Mark Lee,² Jeffrey E. Barrick,² Zasha Weinberg,³ Gail Mitchell Emilsson,¹ Walter L. Ruzzo,^{3,4} Ronald R. Breaker^{1*}

Science, Vol 306, Issue 5694, 275-279, 8 October 2004

About 2% of genes in *Bacillus subtilis* are regulated by riboswitches

RNA Folding: Objectives

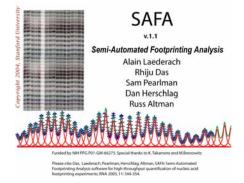




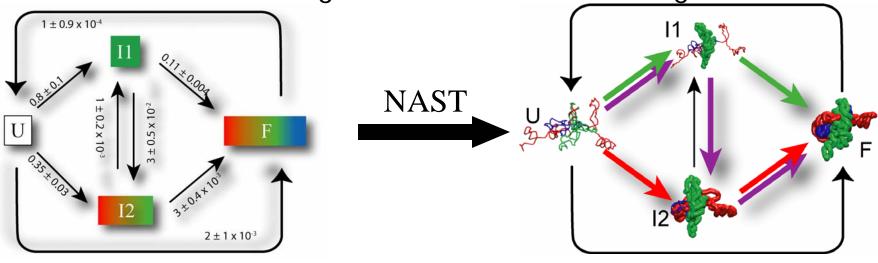
RNA Folding: Successes



- SAFA
 - Quantitative Footprinting Gel Analysis
 - Over 300 registered users
- KinFold



- Kinetic Modeling Software for RNA Folding

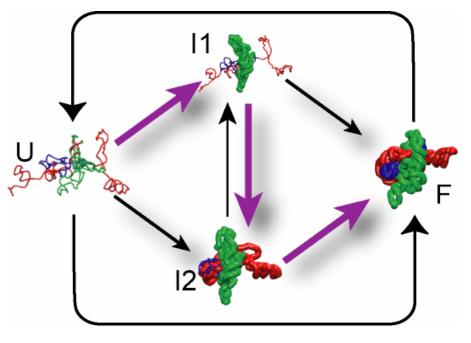


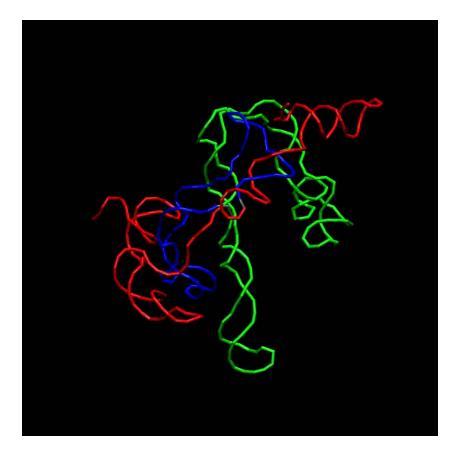
RNA Folding: Successes



• NAST

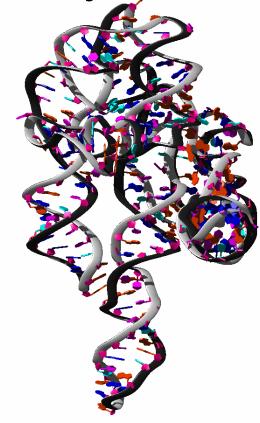
Nucleic AcidSimulation Tool







- Forward Prediction of RNA Folding Pathways
- Integration of experimental conditions
- Folding Pathway Alignments
- Co-Transcriptional Folding

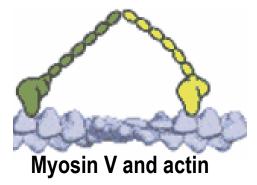


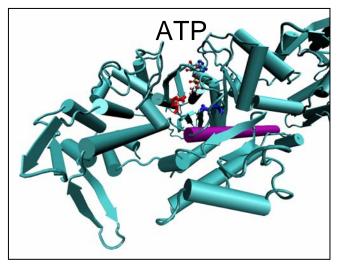
Myosin Dynamics: Objectives



Model the fundamental source of motive force in living systems

- Myosin: a model system in molecular scale to study mechanical effects on enzyme functions
- Simulate the dynamics to complement experiments in spatial/temporal resolutions
- Develop computational methods to understand structure-function relationship
- Understand how mechanics regulates chemistry
- Understand how energy transmits within the enzyme

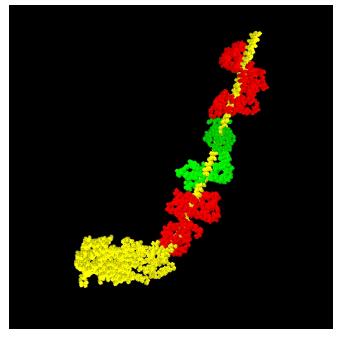




Myosin Dynamics: Successes



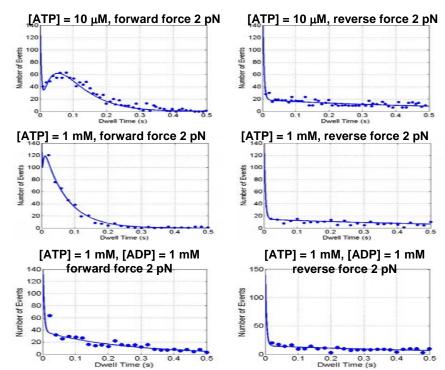
Normal mode analysis to study the neck rigidity



Motion of the lowest frequency mode

Petrone P & Pande VS Biophys J 90:1583 (2006)

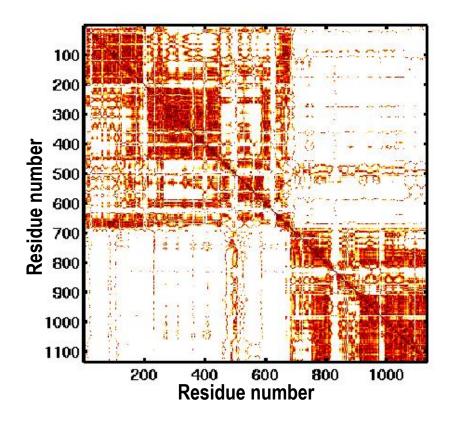
 Identify the power stroke step by fitting dwell-time distributions



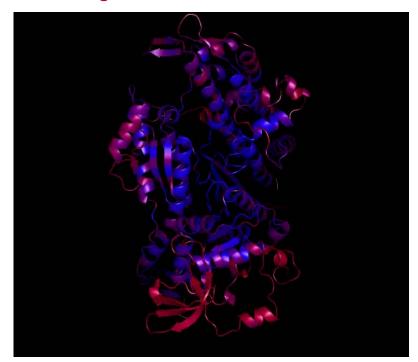
Myosin Dynamics: Successes



Distance difference maps
 reveal rigid sections



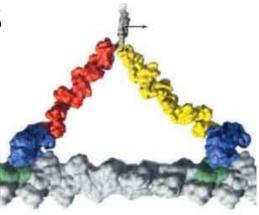
Energy transmission path
 > Blue: most conserved
 > Magenta: least conserved



Conservation scores

Myosin Dynamics: Challenges

- Develop coarse-grained models of myosin that are consistent with observed large-scale movements
- Determine the force transmission among the catalytic site, the lever arm and the actin binding site
- Develop a physics-based model to explain how the mechanical force affects kinetic rates



lim

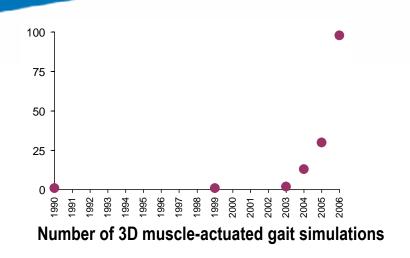


- Understand how neuromuscular impairments effect motion
- Provide a scientific basis for treatment
 - Botox injections
 - •Tendon transfers
 - Physical therapy
- Application to cerebral palsy, stroke, spinal cord injury, birth defects, ...



Connecticut Children's Medical Center Stiff-knee Gait from Cerebral Palsy

Neuromuscular Biomechanics: Successes





ſim

Dr. Clay Anderson

1000x faster algorithms (from weeks to minutes) Hundreds of subject-specific motion simulations

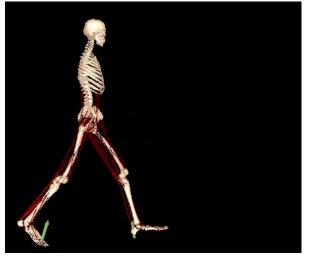


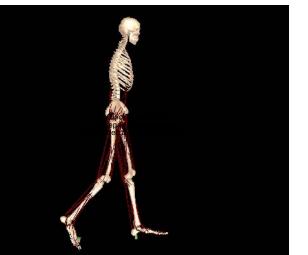
Dr. Allison Arnold



Dr. Ayman Habib

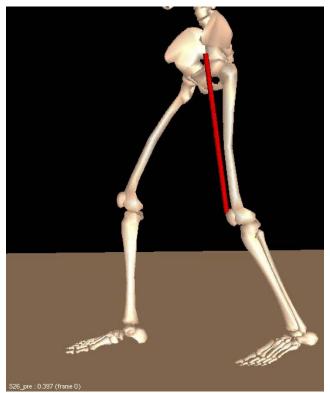






Neuromuscular Biomechanics: Successes

Simulation of tendon transfers Simulation of botox injection



Pre-tendon transfer

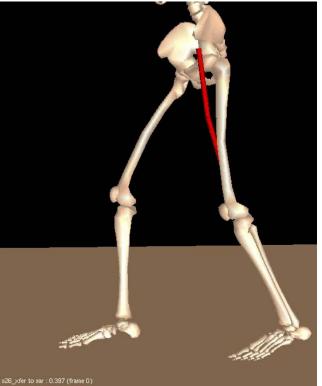
Non-Operated



Transferred



Rectus-femoris tendon transfer



Simt

Post-tendon transfer



Improved control algorithms for more accurately handling contact

 Integration of motion capture data with modeling, optimization, simulation, control, and analysis.

•Validation of subject-specific models

•Modeling muscle pathology (spasticity, contracture, ...)



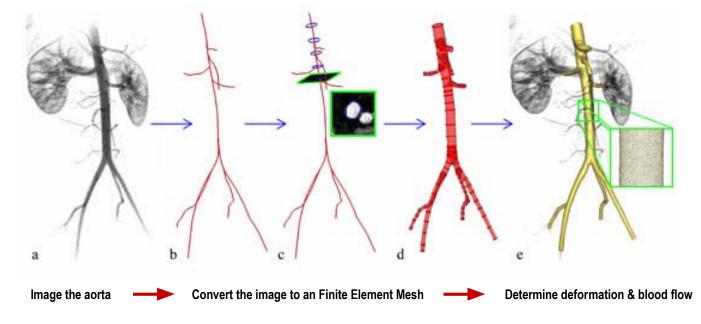


Cardiovascular Dynamics: Objectives



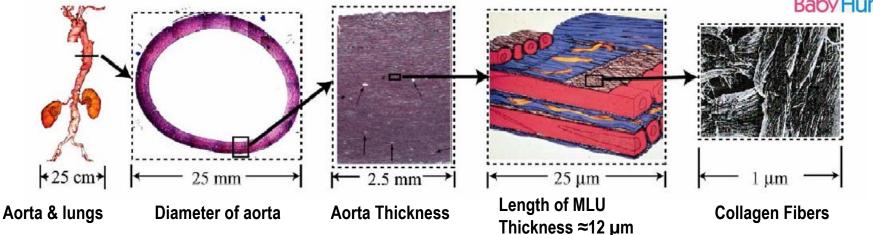
Impact surgical, pharmacological, and catheter treatment of cardiovascular disease. Cardiovascular disease: Number one killer in the U.S. of both men and women.

- Construct a virtual aorta (image, create, and validate)
- Model blood flow and vessel wall deformation in normal subjects and patients with congenital and acquired diseases



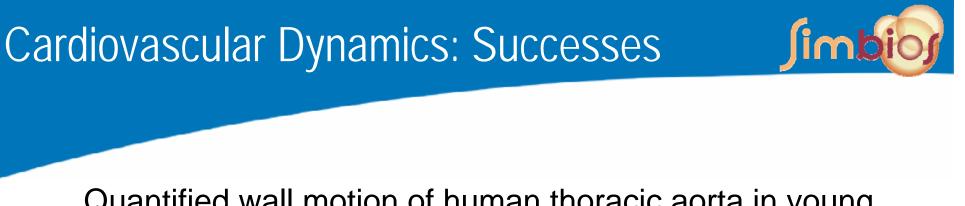
Cardiovascular Dynamics: Objectives Cimbi • Create a 3D model of the medial lamellar unit (MLU), the building block of large blood vessels in all mammals Image: Cimbi Cimbi

- Validate and improve the model using new imaging techniques
- Scale the microstructural model to find macroscale properties

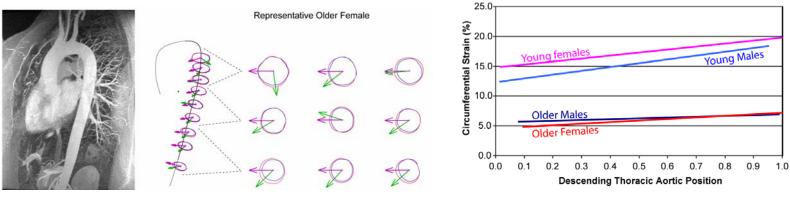








Quantified wall motion of human thoracic aorta in young and older normal subjects using 4D MRI methods.



Green: Primary direction of aorta wall motion Magenta: Orients aorta cross-section Young: More elastin Older: Less elastin, more collagen fibers (%)

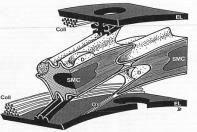


Obtained and currently segmenting 3D nanostructural data of aorta MLU via SBFSEM (serial block face scanning electron microscopy).

Previous models of MLU



Clark & Glagov, 1985



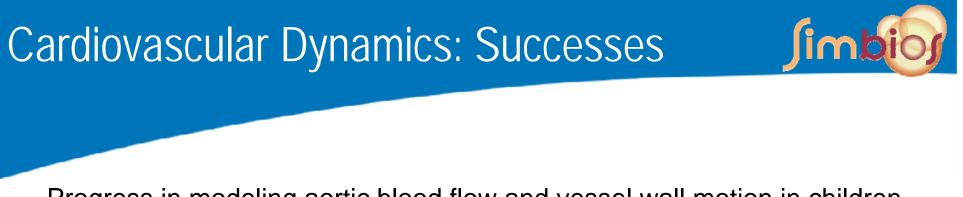
Dingemans, 2000

Blue – Elastin ½-life of 45-90 days **Red** – Collagen fiber ½-life of 70 years

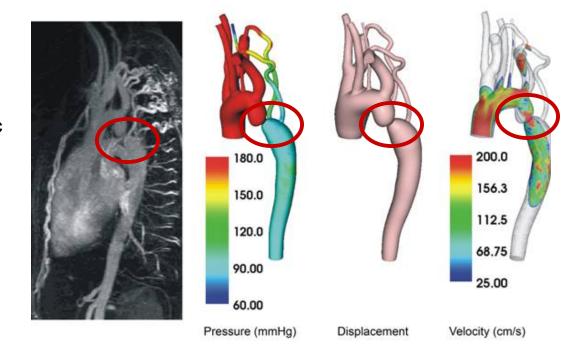
New 3D data from SBFSEM (30nm resolution)



Brown – Elastin lamellae and interlamellar fibers Orange – Nucleus of smooth muscle cell



Progress in modeling aortic blood flow and vessel wall motion in children with aortic coarctation and adults with abdominal aortic aneurysms.

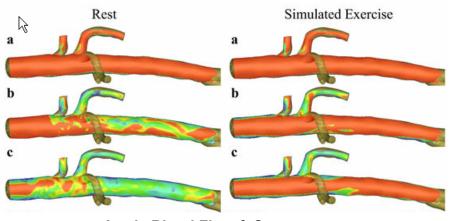


To simulate 10 heart-beats (10-human seconds) it takes 64-256 parallel processors one week. It requires a 5 million element FEA mesh. It requires a nonlinear FEA solver and fluid/structure interaction.

Child with Aortic Coarctation

Cardiovascular Dynamics: Challenges

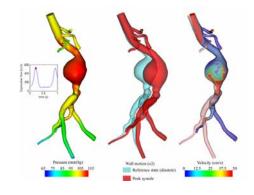
- Automated techniques for creating
 - •Time-varying image-based models from 4D MRI data
 - Microstructural computational models from 3D microscopy data
- Nonlinear homogenization techniques to infer macroscale tissue properties from microscale data
- Incorporation of external tissue support in coupled blood flow – vessel deformation simulations



Aortic Blood Flow & Stress



Dr. Christopher Zarins Chief Vascular Surgeon



Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm



Software Challenges

Integration of complex software modules

(Modeling, imaging, mathematics, dynamics, controls, visualization, data reduction, ...)

Fast & Efficient

(Processor, parallelization, memory, numerical accuracy & stability, time-scales, ...)

Maintainable

(Licensing, multi-platform, quality assurance, documentation, training, bug-tracking, reusable, ...)

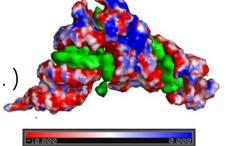
Accessible for beginning-users

(Easy-to-use interface, installation, examples, training, documentation, on-line help, FAQ, ...)

• Extensible for expert-users

(Connections to MATLAB, CAE tools, scripting & automation tools, ...)







Collaboration



Related efforts with Complementary Missions

- Independently-funded investigators in simulation
- Established physical simulation tools
- Physiome projects
- Other NCBCs
- P41 Centers (NCRR)
- NSF Multi-scale modeling initiative
- Efforts at DOE & DARPA in simulation

Collaboration



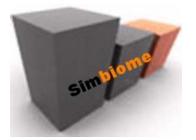
Typical features in NIH Collaborating R01/R21 programs

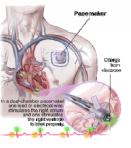
- Extend existing Simbios DBPs with additional expertise & software development goals
- Introduce new potential DBPs to Simbios
- Use Simbios software tools for new applications
- Use Simbios infrastructure for software & model dissemination/development

- Simbios Overview
 - Scientific Applications & Collaboration
 - SimTK Simulation Toolkit
 - Biosimulation Superforge: simtk.org
 - Dissemination & Training





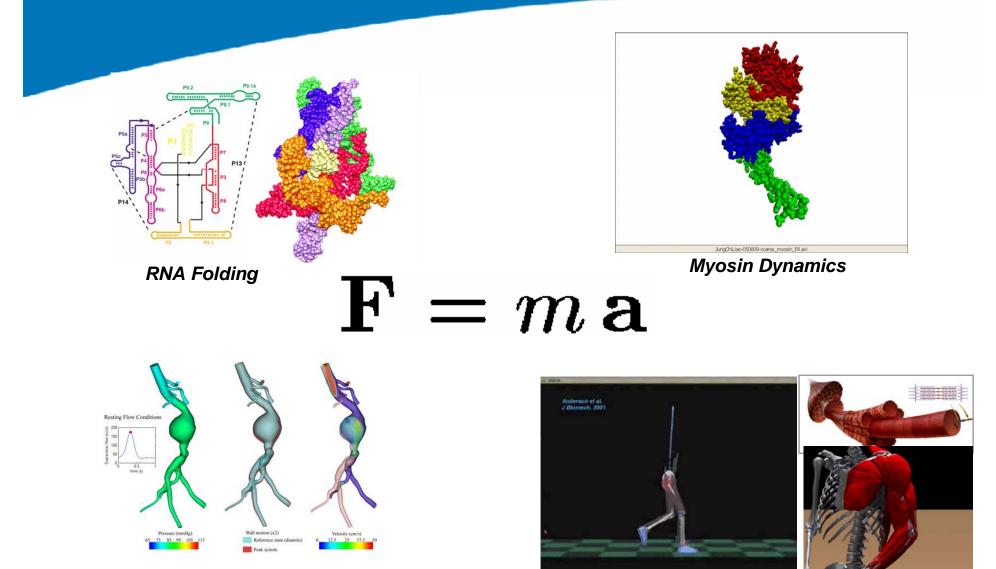






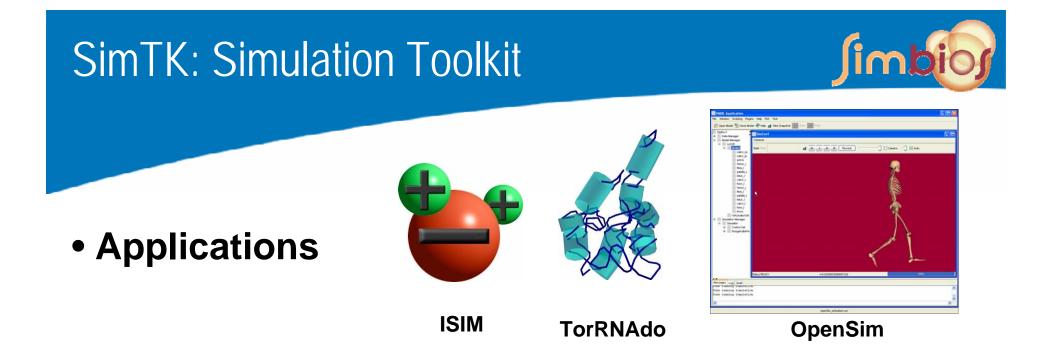
SimTK: Simulation Toolkit





Cardiovascular Dynamics

Neuromuscular Biomechanics



• Libraries & Algorithms

Simbody

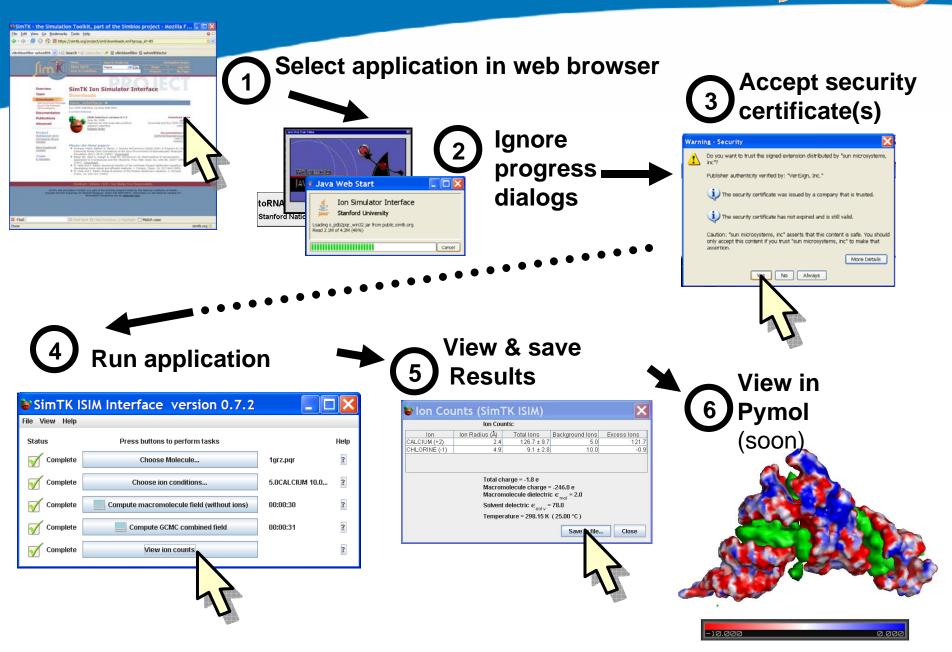
SimTK LAPACK

SimTK CVODE

SimTK Optimize

Models and Resources

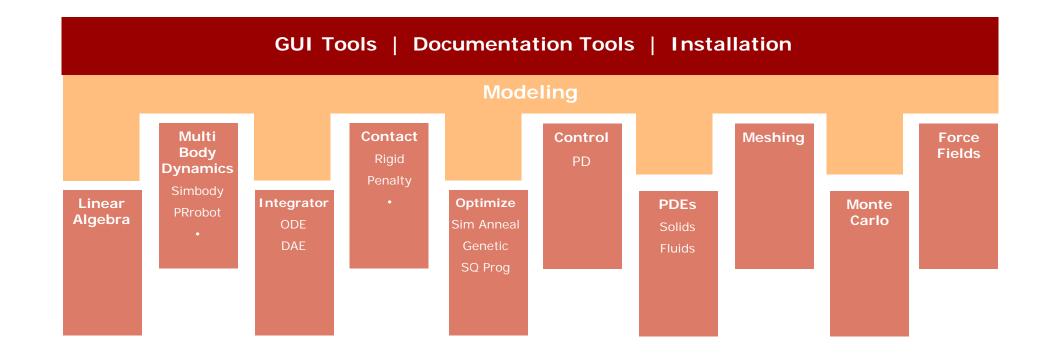
Running SimTK ISIM Interface

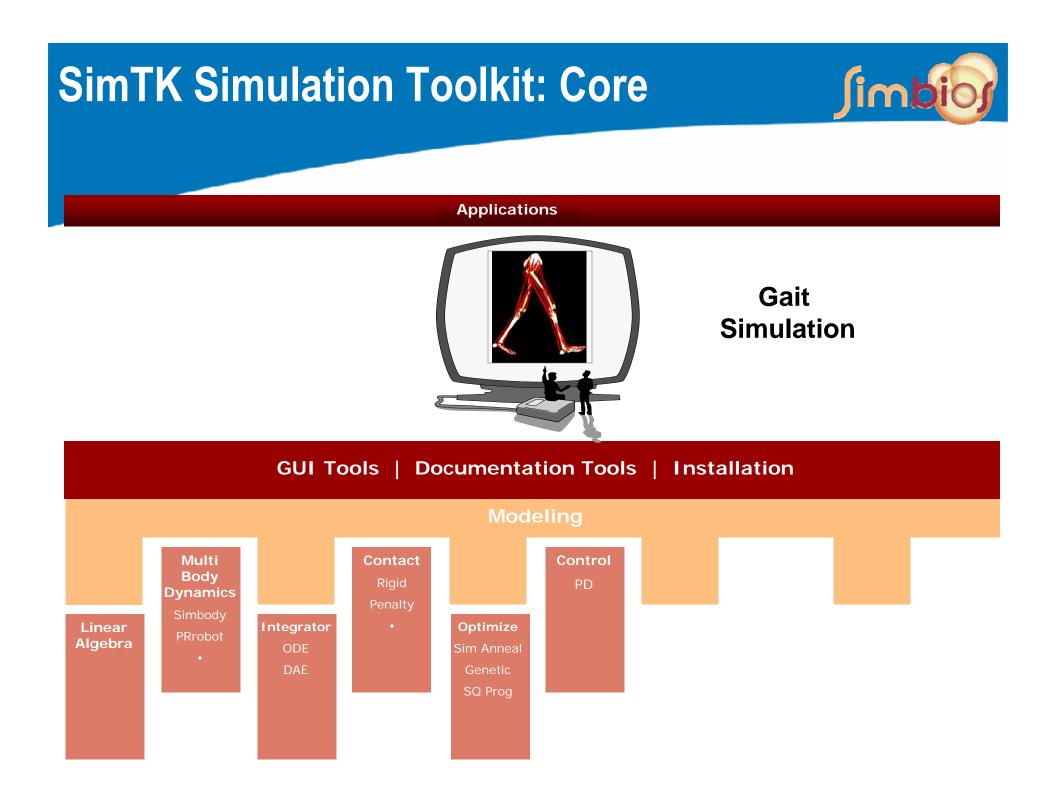


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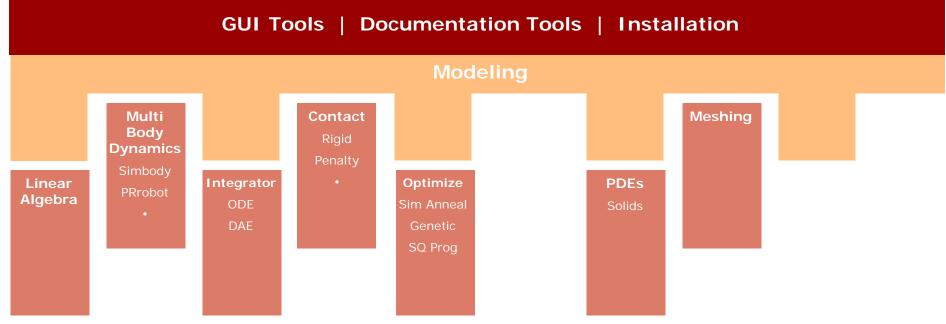
SimTK Simulation Toolkit: Core



Applications



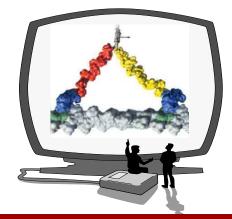
Neuromuscular dynamics



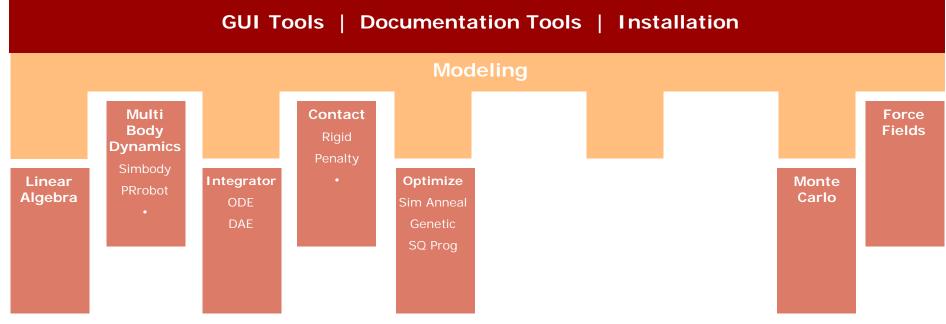
SimTK Simulation Toolkit: Core

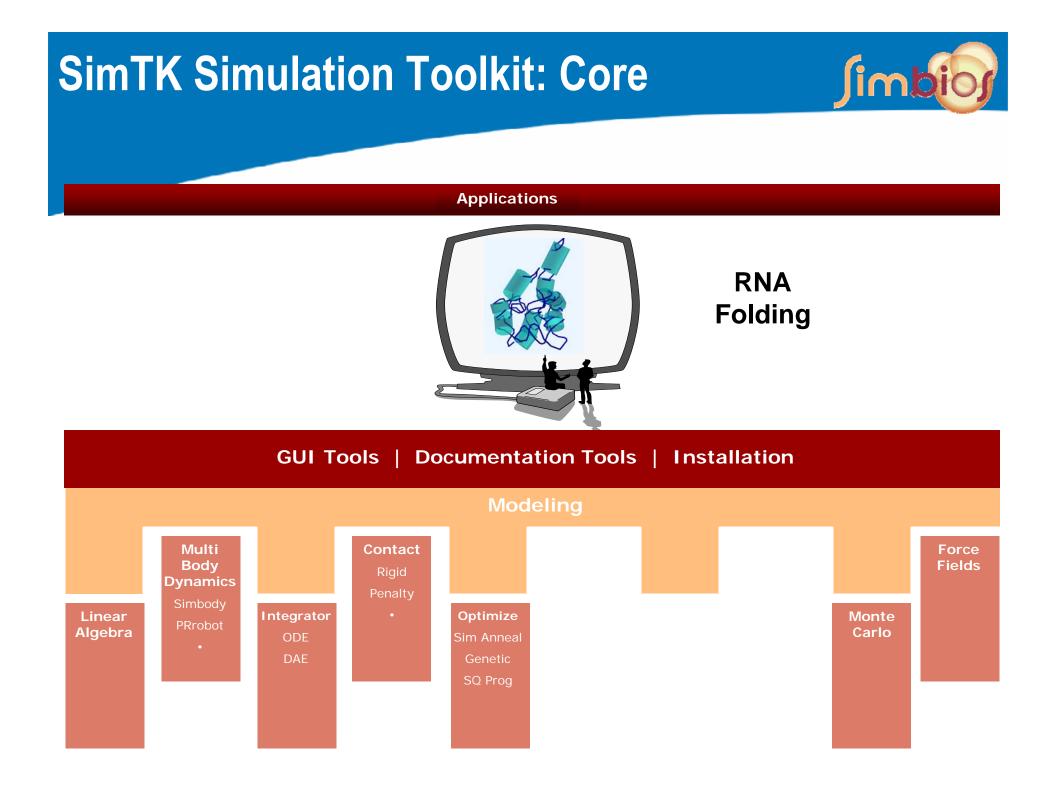


Applications



Myosin Dynamics

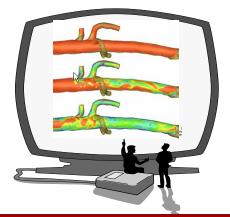




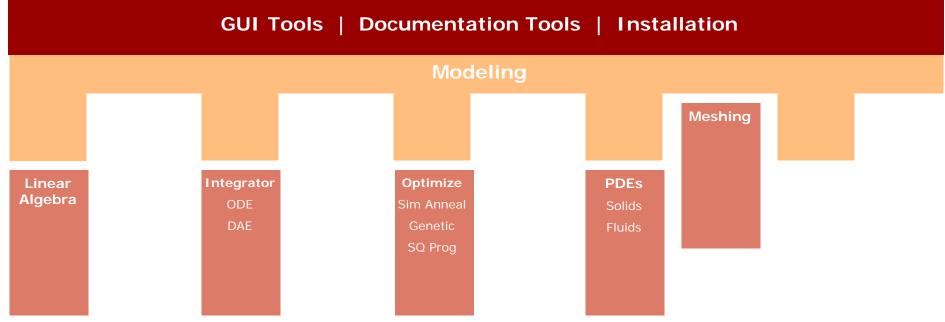
SimTK Simulation Toolkit: Core

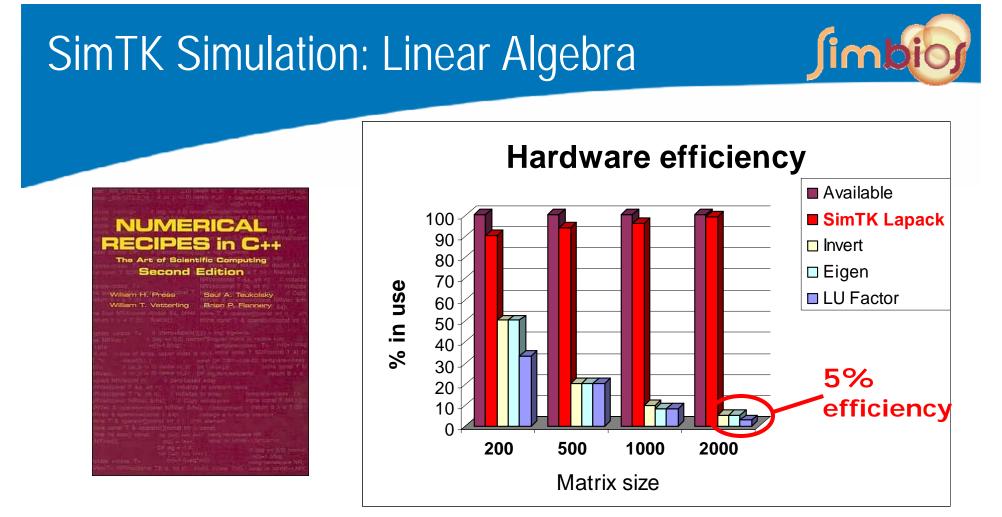


Applications



Cardiovascular Dynamics





- Numerical Recipes is 20X slower!
- 95% of hardware is wasted.
- Much worse on Macintosh
- Visit simtk.org/home/lapack

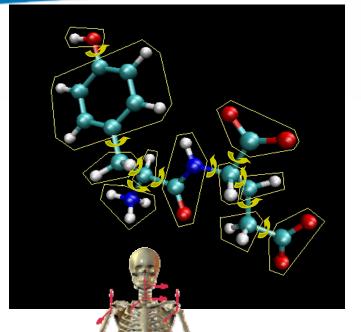


Jack Middleton

SimTK Simulation Toolkit









Multibody Dynamics

- **F** Forces
- = Algorithms
- m Mass and Inertia
- a Motion and constraints

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 - Dissemination & Training











Biosimulation Superforge: simtk.org



Paul Mitiguy About SimTK - Go Projects Log Out How to Contribute

Enabling groundbreaking biomedical research by providing open access to high-quality simulation tools, accurate models and the people behind them.

About SimTK

SimTK, the Simulation Tookit, is part of the Simbios project funded by the National Institutes of Health. Learn more.

Simbios Sites



NIH Center for Physics-based Simulation



Simbiome



Biomedical Computation Review

Biological Application Areas

Biomolecular Simulation - Current Emphasis



RNA Folding

RNA, even more than DNA, implements its functions using complex structural strategies.

Myosin Dynamics Myosin is the fundamental source of motive force in many living systems.

Cardiovascular Dynamics

The dynamics of fluid flow through the human cardiovascular system has many clinical applications, including surgical bypass planning.

Neuromuscular Biomechanics

The modeling of human motion has applications in the planning of interventions to assist patients with abnormal movement dynamics, resulting for example from cerebral palsy.

Simulation Applications Free downloadable stand-alone simulation software

<u>Simulation Technology</u> The underlying algorithms and computational tools applicable to a variety of biological application areas.

Feedback | Simbios | BCR | Our Pledge Your Responsibility

Featured Project



SimTK ToRNADo is a dynamic visualization tool for coarse grain (lumped) representations of RNA and/or protein structure.



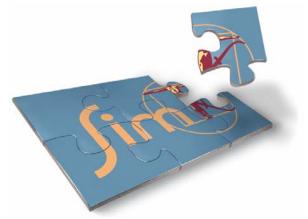








•Backups, off-site storage, ...



Overview Team	ASPIRE ² Cardiovascular Simulation Features & Bugs Choose a tracker and you can browse/edit/add items to it.				
Downloads Documentation					
Publications	Bugs	open	total	Description	
Advanced	Bugs	8	11	Bug Tracking System	
Public Forums Features & Bugs Mailing Lists Source Code Repository	Features	4	7	Feature Request Tracking System	

Biosimulation Superforge: simtk.org



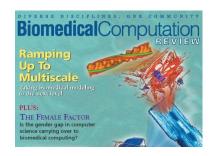
Visitors to a simtk.org project



Simbios

Dr. Bryan Keller

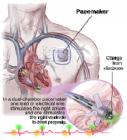
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It is one thing to create software

Interoperable, standardized, integrated, collaborative, networked, interactive, compatible, domain-relevant, coordinated, coherent, unified, collaborative

• It is another thing to create useful software

Accessible & extensible (connection to high-use software)

• It is yet another thing to create software that is used

Course and curriculum creation, adoption in related courses, extension to related fields, professional training, careers in biosimulation, commercialization



"But there's a major challenge. How do we get the new computational tools and resources into the hands of researchers who will use and test them?"

John Whitmarsh: Acting Director, National Institute of Health (NIH) Biomedical Computational Review, Winter 2005/06, pg. 8.



Top Ten Challenges of the Next Decade – by Eric Joacobsson " "Promoting the Use of Computational Biology in Education"

Eric Jacobsson: Director, NIH Center for BioInformatics and Computational Biology (NIGMS). Biomedical Computational Review Summer 2005, pg. 15.

Simulation in Science



Q: "Computational biologists often have worked in relative isolation, creating code that doesn't get used by anyone else once their doctorate or other research project has been completed. How are you motivating people to care about creating tools for other scientists to use?"

A: "That's one of our grand challenges, frankly. It's really a different mentality to put our heads together and come up with a product or tool that will be used by others."

Arthur Toga: Principal Investigator, NIH Center for Computational Biology (CCB). Biomedical Computational Review Summer 2005, pg. 21.



Q: "What are the biggest challenges you face getting Simbios started?"

A: The biggest challenge is efficiently supporting creative researchers and translating their work to be used by hundreds of other researchers – the interface between software and research. They are two very different cultures that must be brought together to succeed.



Russ Altman: Principal Investigator, NIH Center for Physics Based Simulation of Biological Structures (Simbios) Biomedical Computational Review Summer 2005, pg. 21.



Q: "What is MAGNet's biggest challenge going forward?"

A: "Our biggest challenge is the ability to make the biomedical research community aware of the vast array of resources that we hope to create and to make these accessible to people with a strong biomedical training but relative limited computational expertise."

Andreas Califano: Principal Investigator, NIH Center for Multiscale Analysis of Genomic and Cellular Networks (MAGNet) Biomedical Computational Review Winter 2005/06, pg. 13

Dissemination & Training

User & Simbios Conferences

OpenSim Advisor Conference, SimMolecule Advisor Conference, Simbios Science Advisory Board, Simbios Annual Conference, BCATS

BioSimulation Education & Training

BioE215 Spring 2007 & Fall 2007, SPCD, Summer Training Workshop

Scientific Conferences

Visit the dissemination project on <u>www.simtk.org</u> for a full list of conferences

Scientific Outreach

Biomedical Computation Review <u>www.BiomedicalComputationReview.org</u>

• Simbiome

Curated BioSimulation Resource www.Simbiome.org

• Public & Media Outreach

Press release, news, magazine & newspaper articles, community presentations









Metrics for Software Success

1. Number of end-users

- A. End-user applications
- **B.** Libraries
- C. Core Source Code

(Interaction via mouse & keyboard) (Programmers who interface through API) (Developers working on related applications)

2. Quality of Science

- A. Impact on medical practitioners
- **B.** Impact on medical research
- C. Impact on BioSimulation Education (Kindergarten PostDoc)
- **D.** Publications in journals



Biomedical Computation Review: Quarterly



Sign up for a free subscription at: www.BiomedicalComputationReview.org

A magazine (not a journal) to foster a wide community of those interested in various aspects of biomedical computation

Who?

Editorial Advisory Board Simbios Program & Science Officers Professional science writers Community contributions

What?

Editorials, Editor's picks News Bytes, Book Reviews Featured Lab, Under the Hood Seeing Science

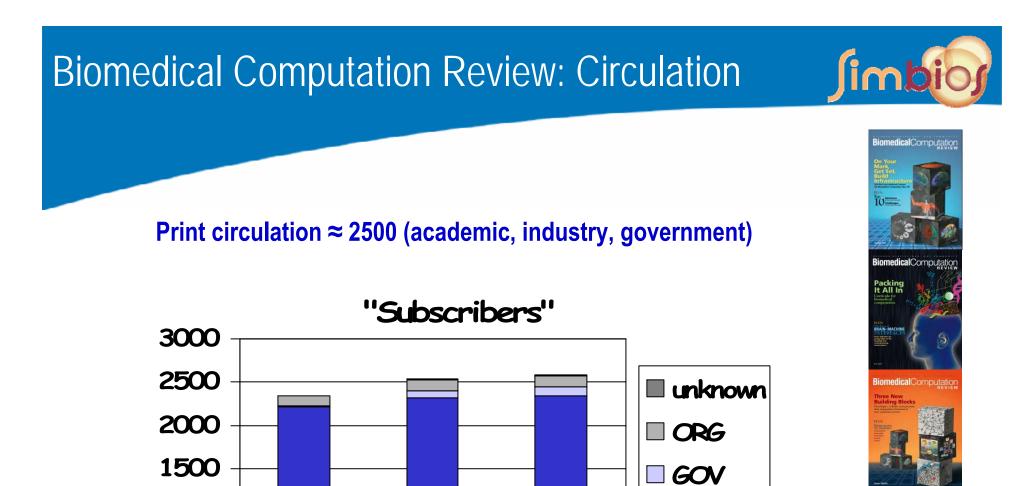


Simb

Executive Editor: David Paik



Managing Editor: Katharine Miller



Issue 3

Issue 2

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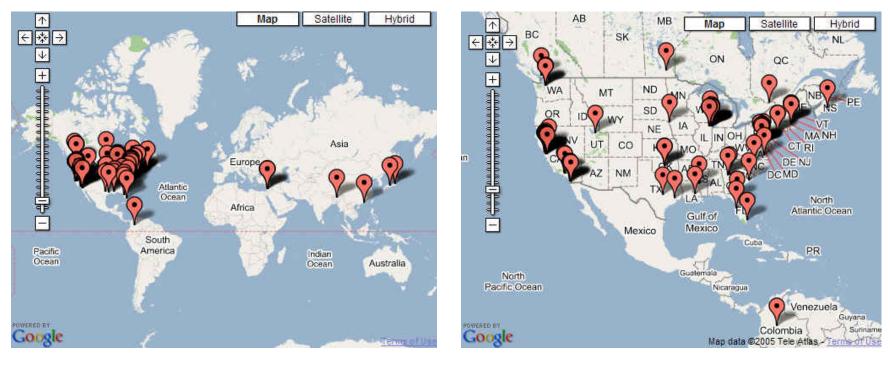
Issue 1



Biomedical Computation Review: Visibility



100 most recent website visitors Average: 300 distinct visitors/month



Bogota, Columbia Tel Aviv, Israel Assam, India Kenya Palestinian Territories Iran Brazil Romania Brussels Egypt Satellite Access



- Electronic resource inventory system
 - Search Online "Yellow Pages"

Simbiome Search Engine, Google search of Simbiome, Google WWW search

Resources for physics-based simulation

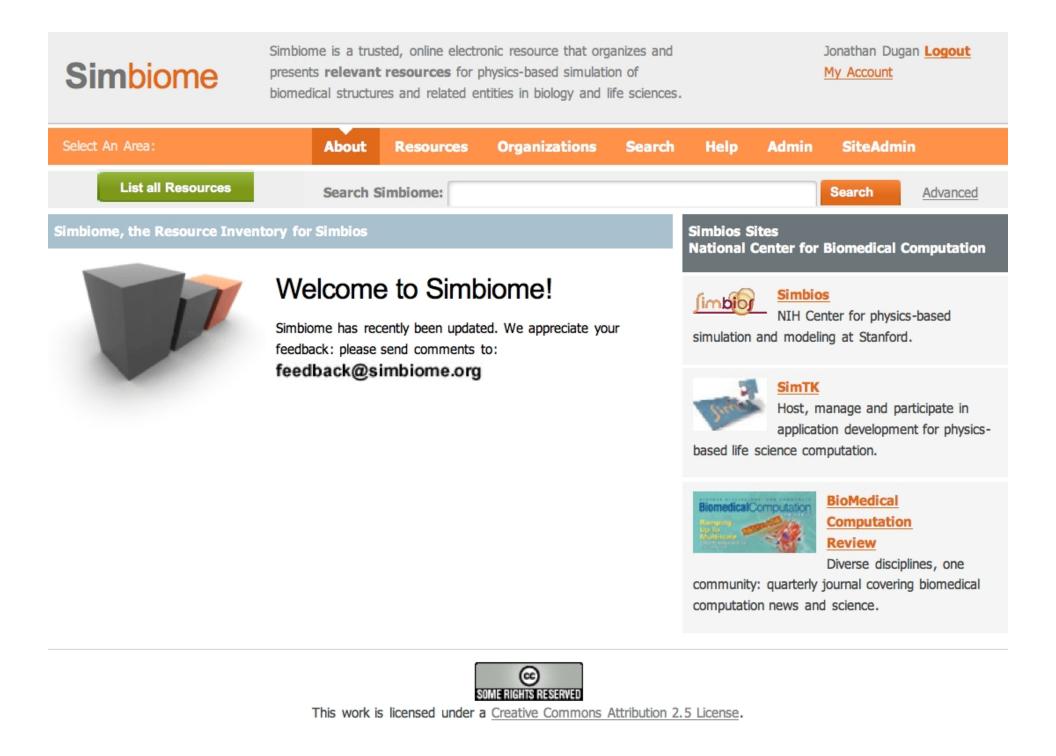
Applications, algorithms, models, and images (open-source, academic, & commercial)

- Extension to NIH biomedical resources
- Trusted, curated content management

Submission, versioning, review & approval by site admin, curators and submitters, content owners

• Open Source: Download at simtk.org

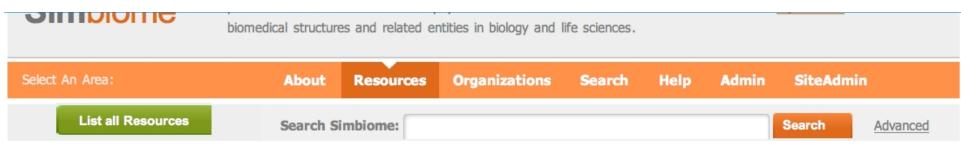




Simbiome Development: Ruby on Rails

Ruby on Rails

- Agile web development framework
- Free and Open Source
- Minimal code, easy to alter
- Separation of Model, View, Controller



Amber Force Fields

Scripps Research Institute

molecular force fields for dynamics simulations

http://amber.scripps.edu/#ff

Edit This Entry

Summary Assembled by Curation Team

Database or Data Source

Four force fields are available: a re-parameterization of an all-atom protein force field (ff 03), based on quantum calculations in a continuum solvent environment; a major extension of the General Amber Force Field (gaff), that expands the range of applicable molecules, particularly for conjugated systems; a new version of the "glycam" carbohydrate force field (glycam04) developed in Rob Woods` group; and a "QM/MM" facility by which part of the system can use energies and forces derived from a semiempirical Hamiltonian such as AM1 or PM3.

Development Stage	6 - Mature		
Keywords	biomolecular simulation, molecular, force fields		
Resources with Similar Function			
Related Resources	Amber - Molecular Dynamics Search Google		

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Suggest Update

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- •Create biosimulation tools, models, & infrastructure
- •Test with driving biological problems
- •Deploy to biomedical researchers & students...

•Impact biomedical progress in:

- Rehabilitative research & therapy
- Surgical and drug treatments
- Design of prosthesis



>Understand structure and function of RNA & Myosin